## VALLIAMMAI ENGINEERING COLLEGE SRM NAGAR, KATTANKULATHUR 603203

### **DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER APPLICATIONS**

BRANCH: MCA YEAR / SEMESTER: II / IV

**SUBJECT CODE & TITLE:** MC7404 NETWORK PROGRAMMING

## **QUESTION BANK**

#### UNIT -I

### PART - A

Qn,	Overtions	BTL
No	Questions	
1	What is meant by Shell in Unix?	1
2	Explain the meaning of a Process in Unix?	4
3	List the environment variables in Unix	1
4	State the uses of setjmp ( ) and longjmp( ) functions?	1
5	Compare ProcessID 0 , ProcessID 1 and ProcessID 2	2
6	Write the uses of fork() function in Unix	1
7	Distinguish between fork() and exec() functions	2
8	Illustrate a session in Unix with an example	3
9	List the three different things that we can tell the kernel to do when a signal occurs	1
10	Show the functions of unreliable signals?	3
11	Discuss about interrupted system call?	2
12	What happens when the sticky bit of executable program is set?	1
13	Examine how vfork() is different from fork()?	4
14	Invent how can a process obtain its saved set-user-ID?	5
15	Determine the limitations of pipes?	6
16	Plan the steps involved in obtaining a shared resource by a process?	5
17	Explain how a system call is different from Library function?	2
18	Examine the fields present in the environment list?	4
19	Illustrate how can a process communicate with other process using a Pipe	3
20	Determine the features of a semaphore?	6

## PART - B

Qn. No	Questions	BT Level
1	Briefly discuss about i. Memory Layout of a C program (8) ii. File sharing (8)	2
2	List the environment variables & discuss their related functions in UNIX (16)	1
3	Compare and contrast a. fork() verses vfork() functions (8) and b. wait() verses waitpid() functions (8)	4
4	Assess the following functions with their syntax  a. Unix Directory and File structure (8)  b. Initial process sequence while the system boot up (8)	6
5	Explain a. The terminal logins (8) and b. Network logins in UNIX (8)	2
6	Describe the following features of Unix a. Process and processes groups (6) b. Sessions (6) c. Signals (4)	1
7	Write short notes on  a. Different File types in Unix (8)  b. Overview Unix System Architecture (8)	1
8	Illustrate the following with their related functions a. Pipes in UNIX (8) b. Co-Processes in UNIX (4) c. Message Queues (4)	3
9	Examine the following with the related functions and structures a. Semaphores (8) b. Shared Memory (8)	5
10	Show the overview of TCP /IP protocols used in network communication with neat diagram and explain (16)	3

## **UNIT II**

## **PART A**

Qn.	Questions	BT
No	Questions	Level
1	What is a socket in TCP communication	1
2	What are the byte ordering functions?	1
3	Outline the structure of a IPv4 internet socket address	2
4	Analyze about various address conversion functions	4
5	What is meant by well known ports?	1.
6	Discuss the uses registered ports	2
7	What is meant by dynamic or private ports?	1
8	Explain the value result arguments	4
9	Show the byte manipulation functions	3
10	Illustrate the socket function with its syntax	3
11	What you think about 'connect' function	5
12	Show the syntax of 'bind' function.	3
13	Explain the syntax of 'listen' function	2
14	List the uses of 'accept' function	1
15	Describe the syntax of 'close' function	6
16	Distinguish between incomplete connection queue completed connection queue	2
17	Compose the features of Concurrent Server	5
18	Describe the functions of Iterative Server	1
19	Distinguish between the 'read' and 'write' functions	4
20	Assess the usage of a Port?	6

#### PART B

Qn. No	Questions	BT Level
	Identify the internet socket address structures with explanations of	
1	a. Internet Protocol (IPv4) (8)	4
	b. Internet Protocol (IPv6) (8)	
2	Show the various address conversion functions with their syntax (16)	3
	Compare and contrast	
3	a. Illustrative Server (8) and	2
	b. Concurrent Server (8)	
4	Show the function call sequence in TCP Client/Server communication with a	1
4	neat diagram and explain each function. (16)	l
5	Develop a coding in C to implement the concurrent server (16)	5

6	Discuss the following functions with their syntax	2
	i. Socket() (8)	
	ii. Bind() (8)	
	How would you have handled the following functions in Unix? Explain	
7	I. Listen() (8)	6
	II. Accept() (8)	
	Describe the following functions with respect to the socket programming	
8	i. Connect() (8)	1
	ii. Close() (8)	
	Describe the features of the following functions with their syntax	
9	i. Readn() (6)	1
9	ii. Written() (6)	Į.
	iii. Readline() (4)	
10	Show a C code to demonstrate an iterative server (16)	3

# **UNIT III**

# PART A

Qn.	Questions	ВТ
No	Guodilelle	Level
1	Create the block diagram for simple TCP echo client and server communication	5
2	Write brief outline of zombie state of a process	1
3	Assess the uses of I/O Multiplexing in networking applications	6
4	Distinguish between termination of server process and crashing of server host	1
5	Classify the steps involved in a TCP echo server.	1
6	Determine the features of server process and server host	6
7	Identify the various I/O models	4
8	Illustrate the distinct phases for an input operation on a socket	3
9	Show the diagram for blocking I/O model	3
10	Explain how signals are handled in POSIX?	2
11	Describe the features I/O multiplexing	2
12	What are boundary conditions?	1
13	Devise Asynchronous I/O model	5
14	Explain the purpose of select() function	2
15	List the uses of 'poll' function	1
16	List out the function's/macro's that operate on fd_set descriptor set	1
17	Show the syntax of shutdown() function	3
18	Distinguish between close() and shutdown() functions.	2
19	Construct the syntax of pselect() function	4
20	Identify the syntax of poll() function	4

## **PART B**

Qn.	Questions	BT
No		Level
1	Compose a C program to implement a TCP echo client/server (16)	5
2	Recommend a day time cline/server application using TCP sockets (16)	6
3	Write short notes on i. POSIX signal handling (8) ii. I/O Models (8)	1
4	Describe the syntax of a. Signal Handling functions with example b. Synchronous I/O Models (8)	1
5	Illustrate how a SIGCHLD signal handler handles a. wait() system call (8) and b. waitpid() system call (8)	3
6	Compare and contrast between wait() & waitpid() with suitable diagrams (16)	4
7	Show the steps involved in a. crashing of server host (8) and b. Crashing and rebooting the server (8)	3
8	Distinguish between select() and poll() system calls with examples (16)	2
9	Explain the features of i. I/O Multiplexing (8) ii. Signal driven I/O (6) iii. Asynchronous I/O (4)	2
10	Write a C program for TCP server using poll() function (16)	1

## **UNIT-IV**

## **PART A**

Qn.	Questions	BT
No		Level
1	Write the syntax of getsockopt and setsockopt functions	1
2	Name the two socket options for TCP	1
3	List the use of SO_BROADCAST option?	1
4	Write the uses of SO_KEEPALIVE option	1
5	Show the Nagles algorithm	3
6	Illustrate the syntax of i) recvfrom() and ii) sendto()	3
7	Write the expansion for i) DNS and ii) FQDN	1
8	Outline the features of DNS	2
9	Explain about resource records	2
10	Classify the types of resource records	6
11	Determine the features of AAAA record	6
12	Distinguish between PTR record and MX record	2
13	Show a block diagram for typical arrangement of clients, resolvers and name	3

14	Explain the syntax of gethostbyname() function	4
15	Interpret the syntax of gethostbyaddr() function	2
16	Examine how getservbyname() function is used in C?	5
17	Examine the syntax of getservbyport() function	5
18	Explain getaddrinfo() function with its syntax	4
19	Explain in detail about UDP	4
20	List out the socket options of ICMP	1

## PART B

Qn. No	Questions	BT Level
1	Discuss about the socket options available for a. The stream sockets (8) and b. The Datagram sockets (8)	2
2	Explain generic socket options in detail (16)	4
3	Analyze the following functions  i) getsockopt() (4)  ii) setsockopt() (4)  iii) ICMP socket option (4)  iv) TCP socket option (4)	6
4	Describe an echo Client/Server system using UDP sockets (16)	1
5	Write short notes on i) DNS (6) ii) Resource Records (4) iii) Resolvers and Name servers (4)	1
6	Describe the applications of  i) Resolvers and Name server (8)  ii) gethostbyname() (4)  iii) gethostbyaddr() (4)	1
7	Explain a mechanism to implement the following functions i) getservbyname() (8) ii) getservbyport() (8)	2
8	Create a C program to implement getaddrinfo() function (16)	5
9	Construct C program to implement a server using multiplexing that handles a. TCP Client requests (8) and b. UDP Client request (8)	3
10	Illustrate the implementation of UDP client and server that reverse the given input string (16)	3

## UNIT – V

# PART – A

Qn.	Questions	ВТ
No	Questions	Level
1	List out the drawbacks in using a child process to handle the clients	1
2	Find the meaning of a thread.	1
3	State the advantages of threads	1
4	Determine the comparative advantage of using threads over child processes	6
5	Outline the entities that are shared by all threads within a process	2
6	Describe the entities that are unique for each thread	1
7	Illustrate a function to create a thread with its syntax	3
8	Device a function for making a thread joinable	5
9	Show a function that get ID of a thread	3
10	Determine the syntax of detaching a thread	6
11	Write short notes on terminating a thread	1
12	Examine functions related to mutex with their syntax	4
13	Show any two functions related to condition variable	3
14	Explain the use of raw socket?	2
15	Identify the packets that a process can read with raw socket	4
16	Design a socket function to create raw socket	5
17	Show the uses of ping program	2
18	What is the use of trace route program?	1
19	Explain how IPv6 Server on dual stack hosts serving both IPv4 and IPv6 clients.	4
20	Compare the format of ICMPv4 echo request and echo reply message.	2

# Part B

Qn.	Questions	BT
No	Questions	Level
1	Summarize the Pv4 & IPv6 systems interoperability with neat sketches (16)	6
2	Discuss the dual stack host with IPv6 Server that handle both a. IPv4 Clients (8) b. IPv6 Clients (8)	2
3	Illustrate the processing of received IPv4 or IPv6 datagram's (by IPv6 Server) depending on type of receiving socket with neat diagram (16)	3
4	Describe the processing of IPv6 Client that handles a. IPv 4 Server (8) and b. IP v6 Server (8)	1
5	i) Drawback of using child processes to handle the client request. (4) ii) Advantage of using thread instead of child processes (4) iii) Entities shared by threads of same processes (4)	4

	iv) Entities that are unique to each thread (4)	
6	How would you have handled various functions related to threads?  Discuss (16)	2
7	Write a C program to implement a. TCP echo server using threads (8) b. A TCP client that receives echoed string from the server (8)	1
8	Explain the features of  i) Mutexes with related functions (8)  ii)Condition variables and related functions (8)	3
9	Construct a C program to implement PING command (16)	5
10	Develop a C program to implement traceroute command (16)	1